# Exercise: Arrays

Problems for exercise and homework for the ["C# Fundamentals" course @ SoftUni](https://softuni.bg/trainings/3729/programming-fundamentals-with-csharp-may-2022)  
You can check your solutions in [Judge](https://judge.softuni.org/Contests/1206/Arrays-Exercise)

## Train

### A train has n number of wagons (integer, received as input). On the next n lines, you will receive the number of people that are going to get on each wagon. Print out the number of passengers in each wagon followed by the total number of passengers on the train.

### Examples

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Output** |
| 3  13  24  8 | 13 24 8  45 |
| 6  3  52  71  13  65  4 | 3 52 71 13 65 4  208 |
| 1  100 | 100  100 |

## Common Elements

### Create a program that prints out all common elements in two arrays. You have to compare the elements of the second array to the elements of the first.

### Examples

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Output** |
| Hey hello 2 4  10 hey 4 hello | 4 hello |
| S of t un i  of i 10 un | of i un |
| i love to code  code i love to | code i love to |

## Zig-Zag Arrays

### Create a program that creates 2 arrays. You will be given an integer n. On the next n lines, you will get 2 integers. Form 2 new arrays in a zig-zag pattern as shown below.

### Examples

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Output** |
| 4  1 5  9 10  31 81  41 20 | 1 10 31 20  5 9 81 41 |
| 2  80 23  31 19 | 80 19  23 31 |

## Array Rotation

### Create a program that receives an array and several rotations that you have to perform. The rotations are done by moving the first element of the array from the front to the back. Print the resulting array.

### Examples

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Output** |
| 51 47 32 61 21  2 | 32 61 21 51 47 |
| 32 21 61 1  4 | 32 21 61 1 |
| 2 4 15 31  5 | 4 15 31 2 |

## Top Integers

### Create a program to find all the top integers in an array. A top integer is an integer that is greater than all the elements to its right.

### Examples

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Output** |
| 1 4 3 2 | 4 3 2 |
| 14 24 3 19 15 17 | 24 19 17 |
| 27 19 42 2 13 45 48 | 48 |

## Equal Sums

### Create a program that determines if an element exists in an array for which the sum of all elements to its left is equal to the sum of all elements to its right. If there are no elements to the left or right, their sum is considered to be 0. Print the index of the element that satisfies the condition or "no" if there is no such element.

### Examples

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Output** | **Comments** |
| 1 2 3 3 | 2 | At a[2] -> left sum = 3, right sum = 3  a[0] + a[1] = a[3] |
| 1 2 | no | At a[0] -> left sum = 0, right sum = 2  At a[1] -> left sum = 1, right sum = 0  No such index exists |
| 1 | 0 | At a[0] -> left sum = 0, right sum = 0 |
| 1 2 3 | no | No such index exists |
| 10 5 5 99 3 4 2 5 1 1 4 | 3 | At a[3] -> left sum = 20, right sum = 20  a[0] + a[1] + a[2] = a[4] + a[5] + a[6] + a[7] + a[8] + a[9] + a[10] |

## Max Sequence of Equal Elements

### Create a program that finds the longest sequence of equal elements in an array of integers. If several equal sequences are present in the array, print out the leftmost one.

### Examples

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Output** |
| 2 1 1 2 3 3 **2 2 2** 1 | 2 2 2 |
| **1 1 1** 2 3 1 3 3 | 1 1 1 |
| **4 4 4 4** | 4 4 4 4 |
| 0 **1 1** 5 2 2 6 3 3 | 1 1 |

## Magic Sum

### Create a program, which prints all unique pairs in an array of integers whose sum is equal to a given number.

### Examples

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Output** |
| 1 7 6 2 19 23  8 | 1 7  6 2 |
| 14 20 60 13 7 19 8  27 | 14 13  20 7  19 8 |